HANDOUT

10 Rating

Errors to

Avoid

Rating errors are factors that mislead or blind us in the appraisal process.

- 1. Central tendency. Clustering everyone in the middle performance categories to avoid extremes of good or bad performance; it's easy, but it's wrong. This isn't fair to employees who are really making an effort, and it can be demoralizing.
- **2. Favoritism.** Overlooking the flaws of favored or "nice" employees, especially those whom everyone likes.
- **3. Grouping.** Excusing below-standard performance because it is widespread; "Everyone does it."
- **4. Guilt by association.** Rating someone on the basis of the company they keep, rather than on the work they do.
- **5. The halo effect.** Letting one positive work factor you like affect your overall assessment of performance.
- **6. Holding a grudge.** A dangerous luxury that may result in you ending up in court. Never try to make employees pay for past behavior.
- **7. The horns effect.** The opposite of the halo effect—letting one negative work factor or behavior you dislike color your opinion of other factors.
- **8. Bias.** Allowing your bias to influence the rating. Bias can come from attitudes and opinions about race, national origin, sex, religion, age, veterans' status, disability, hair color, weight, height, intelligence, etc.
- **9. Recency.** Rating only recent performance, good or bad. Data should be representative of the entire review period. If you're not keeping good notes, you may not remember the whole period.
- **10.** The sunflower effect. Rating everyone high, regardless of performance, to make yourself look good or to be able to give more compensation.